

This Question Paper consists of **26** questions [Section-A (**16**) + Section-B (**5 + 5**)] and **12** printed pages.

Roll No. 

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Code No. **65/ESS/4**

SET 

<b>A</b>
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**ENGLISH**  
**(302)**

Day and Date of Examination \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Invigilators 1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

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**General Instructions :**

- 1 Candidate must write his/her Roll Number on the first page of the Question Paper.
- 2 Please check the Question Paper to verify that the total pages and total number of questions contained in the Question Paper are the same as those printed on the top of the first page. Also check to see that the questions are in sequential order.
- 3 Making any identification mark in the Answer-Book or writing Roll Number anywhere other than the specified places will lead to disqualification of the candidate.
- 4 Write your Question Paper Code No. **65/ESS/4, Set—

<b>A</b>
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# ENGLISH

(302)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

- 
- Note :**
- (i) This Question Paper consists of **two** Sections, viz., 'A' and 'B'.
  - (ii) **All** the questions from Section 'A' are **compulsory**.
  - (iii) Section 'B' has **two** options. Candidates are required to attempt questions from **one option** only.
  - (iv) Marks are indicated against each question.
- 

## SECTION - A

1 Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow :

(A) Doctor Benson stopped a moment to light and, then put the pack of cigarettes in his overcoat pocket. The wind felt like a surgeon's knife at his face as he opened the door and ran, bending low, around the driveway to the garage.

- (i) What did Dr. Benson want to light? 1
- (ii) How did the wind feel? 1
- (iii) Where was he running to? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which are similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$ 
  - A long warm coat
  - A short road leading from a public road to a house

OR



I want the narrow conflicts of today in the name of religion or caste, language or province to cease, and a classless and casteless society to be built up where every individual has full opportunity to grow, according to his worth and ability. In particular, I hope the curse of caste will be ended for there is neither democracy nor socialism on the basis of caste.

- (i) What is Nehru's vision of India in the future? 1
- (ii) What kind of society did Nehru want in India? 1
- (iii) What is the greatest obstacle in the way of socialism or democracy? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which have similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
- to say rude or offensive things in an angry or violent way
  - a serious disagreement

(B) Then she began to cry and tears flowed from her eyes in a helpless flood. She kept her head down as she sat in her corner, not daring to look up at the girls who, she knew, were still laughing at her.

- (i) Who is she here? 1
- (ii) Why did she begin to cry? 1
- (iii) Why could Bholi not dare to look at other girls? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which have similar meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
- unable to defend oneself
  - to be brave enough to be something

**OR**



I've got freedom to gain. As for myself, I'm a poor hunted rat. As Vincent Charles Gerrard, I'm free to go places and do nothing. I can eat well and sleep and without having to be ready to hide at the sight of a cop.

- (i) What does the speaker mean by 'I've got freedom to gain'? 1
- (ii) What could he do as Vincent Charles Gerrard? 1
- (iii) Why does he have to hide from a cop? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which are similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
- liberation/liberty
  - keep out of sight

2 Answer in **30** to **40** words any **three** of the following questions : 3×2=6

- (a) Why did Bholi talk very little? (BHOLI)
- (b) How is wind energy derived? (FUEL OF THE FUTURE)
- (c) Why was Ved's father angry when his wife used the Hakim's medicine? (MY SON WILL NOT A BEGGAR BE)
- (d) What was Baldeo's job? (THE TIGER IN THE TUNNEL)

3 Answer the following in about **60** words : 6

How did Gavaskar's uncle's keen observation change his life?  
(MY FIRST STEPS)

**OR**

How did the Intruder try to frighten Gerrard? Did he succeed? What was the Intruder's first question? (IF I WERE YOU)



4 Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow :

I remember the night my mother  
Was stung by a scorpion. Ten hours  
Of steady rain had driven him  
To crawl beneath a sack of rice.

- (i) What does the poet remember? 2  
(ii) How many hours did it rain? 1  
(iii) Where did it hide and what did he do after that? 2

**OR**

There is a house now far away where once  
I received love....That woman died,  
The house withdrew into silence, snakes moved  
Among books, I was then too young  
To read, and my blood turn cold like the moon

- (i) What happened when the woman of the house died? 2  
(ii) From whom did the poet receive 'love'? 1  
(iii) What was the condition of the poet at that time? 2

5 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Persons may dress differently but they all feel a need to wear some kind of clothing. Clothing, like food and shelter, is one of peoples' most important needs.

Fashion changes from time to time. For example, from 1900-1950 both single-breasted and double-breasted coats were popular. After 1960's young men wore colourful checked shirts, and wide ties in fancy prints. Now tight-fitting dresses as well as oversized baggy clothes have come into fashion. Many seem to have an 'anything goes' feeling towards clothing style. The fashion sometimes lowers and sometimes raises the hem-line of ladies' dresses.

People follow fashion to raise their status, to gain acceptance from others, to be classed as moderns and to make themselves more attractive. Fashion experts predict that we are in the age of free expression and clothes of tomorrow will become far more individualistic in both shape and colour.



Clothes reflect the spirit of the age. The ancients believed in simplicity and used a single piece of cloth round their waist and a 'chadar' thrown across the shoulder. The Muslim rulers brought the long coats and churidar pajamas for men. The ladies, however, resisted change and continued with ghaghra, choli and orhni. But the sari soon took over and became popular even in the villages. The English brought for us coat and pants. We imitated the dresses of our rulers. Clothes reflect the character of the wearers. The confident and adventurous people would like to try new styles. A shy person may seek security by following conventional dresses. Others may be unconcerned about their dresses.

- (a) What was popular in 1900-1950? 2
- (b) Why do people follow fashion? 2
- (c) What dress did the Muslims bring and who resisted it? 2
- (d) Who would like to try new styles and what would a shy person do? 2

6 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Nevertheless, the actual struggle does not commence at this moment. You have only placed all your powers in my hands. I will now wait upon the Viceroy and plead with him for the acceptance of the Congress demand. The fourteenfold constructive programme is, of course, there for you to carry out. What more should you do? I will tell you. Every one of you should, from this moment onwards, consider yourself a free man or woman, and act as if you are free and are no longer under the heel of this imperialism.

It is not a make-believe that I am suggesting to you. It is the very essence of freedom. The bond of the slave is snapped the moment he considers himself to be a free being, He will plainly tell the master: 'I was your bonded slave till this moment, but I am a slave no longer. You may kill me if you like, but if you keep me alive, I wish to tell you that if you release me from the bondage of your own accord. I will ask for nothing more from you. You used to feed and clothe me, though I could have provided food and clothing for myself by my labour. I hitherto depended on you instead of on God, for food and raiment. God has now inspired me with an urge for freedom and I am today a free man and will no longer depend on you'.



You may take it from me that I am not going to strike a bargain with the Viceroy for ministries and the like. I am not going to be satisfied with anything short of complete freedom. Maybe, he will propose the abolition of salt tax, the evil drink, etc. but I will say: Nothing less than freedom’.

Here is a mantra, a short one, that I give you. You may imprint it on your hearts and let every breath of yours give expression to it. The mantra is : ‘Do or Die’. We shall either free India or die in the attempt.

- (a) What should Indians consider themselves as the movement starts? 2
- (b) How and when does a bondman snap his chains and become free? 2
- (c) What would Mahatma Gandhi ask from the Viceroy? 2
- (d) What was Gandhiji’s mantra for the people? 2

7 Read the passage given below and complete the statements that follow :

A proverb is a short and wise saying with a deep meaning. It presents a truth or some bits of useful wisdom. What is true, what wisdom dictates, what experience shows must be the same everywhere. The proverbs or sayings have been passed from generation to generation.

- (a) A proverb \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ with a \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (b) It presents \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ some bits \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (c) What is true \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ what experience \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (d) The proverbs \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ passed \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1

8 Read the passage given below and make a summary in about 100 words : 5

A painter of eminence had once resolved to finish a piece of art which should please the whole world. When, therefore, he had drawn a picture in which his utmost skill was exhausted, it was exposed in the public market-place, with directions at the bottom for every spectator to mark with a brush, that lay by, every limb, and feature which seemed erroneous. The spectators came and in general applauded: but each, willing to show his talent at criticism, marked whatever he thought improper. In the evening, when the painter came, he was mortified to find the whole picture one universal blot-not a single stroke that



had not the marks of disapprobation\*, Not satisfied with this trial, the next day he resolved to try in a different manner and exposing his picture as before, desired that every spectator would mark those beauties he approved or admired. The people complied: and the artist, returning, found his picture covered with the remarks of beauty: every stroke that had been condemned the previous day, now received the character of approbation. “Well”, cried the painter, “I now find that the best way to succeed is to aim at satisfying the few.”

- 9** State whether the sentences are COMMAND, REQUEST, ADVICE OR PROPOSAL : **4**
- (a) Have mercy on this poor man, sir.
  - (b) Let us sit inside.
  - (c) Never waste your time.
  - (d) Do not come here again.
- 10** Join the following sentences : **3**
- (a) The patient was carried to the hospital. He was very sick.
  - (b) The old man was funny. She laughed at the old man.
  - (c) This box is a dangerous. Do not touch it.
- 11** Fill in the blanks : **4**
- She \_\_\_\_\_ (a) \_\_\_\_\_ (fish) into her purse and took it and \_\_\_\_\_ (b) \_\_\_\_\_ (hand) her the umbrella. He \_\_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_\_ (pocket) the pound, raised his hat, \_\_\_\_\_ (d) \_\_\_\_\_ (give) her a quick bow from the waist, and said, “Thank you, madam, thank you”. Then he went away.
- 12** Fill in the blanks with suitable Prepositions : **4**
- (a) This book is not useful \_\_\_\_\_ me.
  - (b) I have to get up \_\_\_\_\_ daybreak everyday.
  - (c) Many people were injured \_\_\_\_\_ the bomb blast.
  - (d) It has been raining \_\_\_\_\_ morning.



- 13** Write a paragraph of about **100** words on any **one** of the following topics : **5**
- (a) Sadness and Happiness
  - (b) An Unlucky Day
  - (c) United We Stand

- 14** You have applied for the post of accountant and received a call **5**  
for an interview from Mr A. Nath, the Personnel Manager of Beltas Trading Corporation. Unfortunately you could not attend the interview as you had a small accident. Write a suitable letter explaining why you failed to attend the interview, and requesting if you can be given another chance to appear in the interview.

- 15** The following passage has seven mistakes of spelling and other grammatical **6**  
inaccuracies. Spot the errors and provide correct forms as shown below. One is done for you to serve as an example.

Her entry into the medicl school there, could hardly have been more nerve-racking. The Dean asked her to follow him on to the platom and formally introduced her to the assembld students. Fifty years later an eldarly doctor, who was a student at the college at the same time, recaled the scene. The class numbering about 150 student, was composed largely of young men from the neighboring towns.

S. No.	Error	Correct Form
1	medicl	medical
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		



- 16 Read the following passage carefully. Make notes in points only, using appropriate headings and sub-headings. Also use recognizable abbreviations :

4

Langkawi Sky Bridge is a 125-metre (410 ft) curved pedestrian cable-stayed bridge in Malaysia, completed in 2005. The bridge deck is located 660 metres (2,170 ft) above sea level at the peak of Gunung Mat Cincang on Pulau Langkawi, the main island of the Langkawi archipelago in Kedah. The Langkawi Sky Bridge can be reached by first taking the Langkawi Cable Car to the top station, where an inclined lift called SkyGlide takes visitors from the top station to the bridge.

The bridge was closed in July 2012 for maintenance and upgrading. The reopening was put off several times, but it partially reopened in February 2015. The bridge is now fully accessible.

The bridge is 125 meters long, and 1.8 meters wide (the middle section has a wider walkway), with two steel railings as well as steel wire mesh on either sides. It is designed as a curved walkway to maximize the viewing experience, providing shifting perspective as a visitor walks along the bridge. The walkway, formed of steel and concrete panels set on top of an inverted triangular truss, connects two hilltops at Gunung Mat Chinchang. The first 25 m of the bridge is straight, following 3 curved 25 m sections, then a final straight 25 m section. At each end of the walkway, the bridge has a 3.6 m-wide triangular viewing platform that serves as resting and viewing areas for visitors.

The bridge is suspended by 8 cables from an 81.5 m high single pylon, and hangs at about 100 m above ground. The pylon is anchored onto a concreted pad set at an elevation of 604.5 m, and its tip reached 686 m above sea level. It is inclined at angles of  $78^\circ$  and  $2^\circ$  in two directions, and supported by two cables. The bridge is designed to carry a maximum capacity of 250 persons.



## SECTION - B

- Note :** (i) Attempt any **one** of the **two** options.  
(ii) Attempt all the questions from the same option.

### OPTION - I

#### (E.S.P. FOR RECEPTIONISTS)

- 17 Name six items which a receptionist should keep 'handy'. **6**
- 18 While receiving a telephone call, what steps should a receptionist go through? **4**
- 19 What should a Brochure state about the location of a hotel? **2**
- 20 You are the Operator in a College. The Head of the History Department has asked you to find out about some books which are available with local book shops. (Give names of authors, publishers and names of books). **2**
- 21 Why is it necessary to obtain the caller's name? **1**



**OPTION - II**  
**(E.S.P. for Office Use)**

- |           |  |          |
|-----------|--|----------|
| <b>17</b> | What is ‘small talk’?  | <b>2</b> |
| <b>18</b> | While writing a Memo what should you keep in mind?   | <b>4</b> |
| <b>19</b> | With e-mail what can you not assume?   | <b>2</b> |
| <b>20</b> | Write a report for a newspaper on the bikers riding without helmets and being involved in life-risk accidents. | <b>5</b> |
| <b>21</b> | How should you plan your appearance for an interview?  | <b>2</b> |
- 



This Question Paper consists of **26** questions [Section-A (**16**) + Section-B (**5 + 5**)] and **12** printed pages.

Roll No. 

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Code No. **65/ESS/4**

SET 

B
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**ENGLISH**  
**(302)**

Day and Date of Examination \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Invigilators 1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

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B
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 on the Answer-Book.



# ENGLISH

(302)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

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- Note :**
- (i) This Question Paper consists of **two** Sections, viz., 'A' and 'B'.
  - (ii) **All** the questions from Section 'A' are **compulsory**.
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  - (iv) Marks are indicated against each question.
- 

## SECTION - A

- 1** Answer in **30** to **40** words any **three** of the following questions : **3×2=6**
- (a) Why did Bholi talk very little? (BHOLI)
  - (b) How is wind energy derived? (FUEL OF THE FUTURE)
  - (c) Why was Ved's father angry when his wife used the Hakim's medicine?  
(MY SON WILL NOT A BEGGAR BE)
  - (d) What was Baldeo's job? (THE TIGER IN THE TUNNEL)
- 2** Read the following passage carefully. Make notes in points only, using **4**  
appropriate headings and sub-headings. Also use recognizable abbreviations :
- Langkawi Sky Bridge is a 125-metre (410 ft) curved pedestrian cable-stayed bridge in Malaysia, completed in 2005. The bridge deck is located 660 metres (2,170 ft) above sea level at the peak of Gunung Mat Cincang on Pulau Langkawi, the main island of the Langkawi archipelago in Kedah. The Langkawi Sky Bridge can be reached by first taking the Langkawi Cable Car to the top station, where an inclined lift called SkyGlide takes visitors from the top station to the bridge.



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**3** Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Persons may dress differently but they all feel a need to wear some kind of clothing. Clothing, like food and shelter, is one of peoples' most important needs.

Fashion changes from time to time. For example, from 1900-1950 both single-breasted and double-breasted coats were popular. After 1960's young men wore colourful checked shirts, and wide ties in fancy prints. Now tight-fitting dresses as well as oversized baggy clothes have come into fashion. Many seem to have an 'anything goes' feeling towards clothing style. The fashion sometimes lowers and sometimes raises the hem-line of ladies' dresses.



People follow fashion to raise their status, to gain acceptance from others, to be classed as moderns and to make themselves more attractive. Fashion experts predict that we are in the age of free expression and clothes of tomorrow will become far more individualistic in both shape and colour.

Clothes reflect the spirit of the age. The ancients believed in simplicity and used a single piece of cloth round their waist and a 'chadar' thrown across the shoulder. The Muslim rulers brought the long coats and churidar pajamas for men. The ladies, however, resisted change and continued with ghaghra, choli and orhni. But the sari soon took over and became popular even in the villages. The English brought for us coat and pants. We imitated the dresses of our rulers. Clothes reflect the character of the wearers. The confident and adventurous people would like to try new styles. A shy person may seek security by following conventional dresses. Others may be unconcerned about their dresses.

- (a) What was popular in 1900-1950? 2
  - (b) Why do people follow fashion? 2
  - (c) What dress did the Muslims bring and who resisted it? 2
  - (d) Who would like to try new styles and what would a shy person do? 2
- 4 Write a paragraph of about **100** words on any **one** of the following topics : 5
- (a) An Incident that changed your life
  - (b) Freedom
  - (c) Winter Season



5 Answer the following in about 60 words : 6

How did Gavaskar's uncle's keen observation change his life?

(MY FIRST STEPS)

**OR**

How did the Intruder try to frighten Gerrard? Did he succeed? What was the Intruder's first question? (IF I WERE YOU)

6 Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow :

I remember the night my mother

Was stung by a scorpion. Ten hours

Of steady rain had driven him

To crawl beneath a sack of rice.

(i) What does the poet remember? 2

(ii) How many hours did it rain? 1

(iii) Where did it hide and what did he do after that? 2

**OR**

There is a house now far away where once

I received love....That woman died,

The house withdrew into silence, snakes moved

Among books, I was then too young

To read, and my blood turn cold like the moon

(i) What happened when the woman of the house died? 2

(ii) From whom did the poet receive 'love'? 1

(iii) What was the condition of the poet at that time? 2

7 Join the following sentences : 3

(a) She tripped and fell. Her shoe laces were undone.

(b) Her health is poor. She still attends office regularly.

(c) He could not get a seat. He came early.



8 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Nevertheless, the actual struggle does not commence at this moment. You have only placed all your powers in my hands. I will now wait upon the Viceroy and plead with him for the acceptance of the Congress demand. The fourteenfold constructive programme is, of course, there for you to carry out. What more should you do? I will tell you. Every one of you should, from this moment onwards, consider yourself a free man or woman, and act as if you are free and are no longer under the heel of this imperialism.

It is not a make-believe that I am suggesting to you. It is the very essence of freedom. The bond of the slave is snapped the moment he considers himself to be a free being, He will plainly tell the master: 'I was your bonded slave till this moment, but I am a slave no longer. You may kill me if you like, but if you keep me alive, I wish to tell you that if you release me from the bondage of your own accord. I will ask for nothing more from you. You used to feed and clothe me, though I could have provided food and clothing for myself by my labour. I hitherto depended on you instead of on God, for food and raiment. God has now inspired me with an urge for freedom and I am today a free man and will no longer depend on you'.

You may take it from me that I am not going to strike a bargain with the Viceroy for ministries and the like. I am not going to be satisfied with anything short of complete freedom. Maybe, he will propose the abolition of salt tax, the evil drink, etc. but I will say: Nothing less than freedom'.

Here is a mantra, a short one, that I give you. You may imprint it on your hearts and let every breath of yours give expression to it. The mantra is : 'Do or Die'. We shall either free India or die in the attempt.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| (a) What should Indians consider themselves as the movement starts? | 2 |
| (b) How and when does a bondman snap his chains and become free?    | 2 |
| (c) What would Mahatma Gandhi ask from the Viceroy?                 | 2 |
| (d) What was Gandhiji's mantra for the people?                      | 2 |



9 Read the passage given below and complete the statements that follow :

A proverb is a short and wise saying with a deep meaning. It presents a truth or some bits of useful wisdom. What is true, what wisdom dictates, what experience shows must be the same everywhere. The proverbs or sayings have been passed from generation to generation.

- (a) A proverb \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ with a \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (b) It presents \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ some bits \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (c) What is true \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ what experience \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (d) The proverbs \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ passed \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1

10 Read the passage given below and make a summary in about **100** words : 5

A painter of eminence had once resolved to finish a piece of art which should please the whole world. When, therefore, he had drawn a picture in which his utmost skill was exhausted, it was exposed in the public market-place, with directions at the bottom for every spectator to mark with a brush, that lay by, every limb, and feature which seemed erroneous. The spectators came and in general applauded: but each, willing to show his talent at criticism, marked whatever he thought improper. In the evening, when the painter came, he was mortified to find the whole picture one universal blot-not a single stroke that had not the marks of disapprobation\*, Not satisfied with this trial, the next day he resolved to try in a different manner and exposing his picture as before, desired that every spectator would mark those beauties he approved or admired. The people complied: and the artist, returning, found his picture covered with the remarks of beauty: every stroke that had been condemned the previous day, now received the character of approbation. "Well", cried the painter, "I now find that the best way to succeed is to aim at satisfying the few."



**11** State whether the sentences are COMMAND, REQUEST, ADVICE OR PROPOSAL : **4**

- (a) Please go to the Post office and complete the work.
- (b) Get out just now.
- (c) You must work hard in order to succeed.
- (d) Let us go inside the shade.

**12** The following passage has seven mistakes of spelling and other grammatical inaccuracies. Spot the errors and provide correct forms as shown below. One is done for you to serve as an example. **6**

Her entry into the medicl school there, could hardly have been more nerve-racking. The Dean asked her to follow him on to the platom and formally introduced her to the assembld students. Fifty years later an eldarly doctor, who was a student at the college at the same time, recaled the scene. The class numbering about 150 student, was composed largely of young men from the neighboring towns.

S. No.	Error	Correct Form
1	medicl	medical
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		

**13** Fill in the blanks : **4**

I usually \_\_\_\_ (a) \_\_\_\_ (take) the metro to school, but there are days when my father \_\_\_\_ (b) \_\_\_\_ (drop) me on his way to office. Yesterday we \_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_ (see) an injured man \_\_\_\_ (d) \_\_\_\_ (lie) on the road.

**14** Fill in the blanks with suitable Prepositions : **4**

- (a) There is a lot of noise \_\_\_\_\_ the classroom.
- (b) I am reading a book \_\_\_\_\_ extinct species.
- (c) It is easy \_\_\_\_\_ a GPS to find one's way in big cities.
- (d) I can identify your voice \_\_\_\_\_ many.



15 Write a letter to the Municipal Corporation about the ill-maintenance of a park in your locality. 5

16 Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow :

(A) Doctor Benson stopped a moment to light and, then put the pack of cigarettes in his overcoat pocket. The wind felt like a surgeon's knife at his face as he opened the door and ran, bending low, around the driveway to the garage.

(i) What did Dr. Benson want to light? 1

(ii) How did the wind feel? 1

(iii) Where was he running to? 1

(iv) Pick out the words which are similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$

- A long warm coat
- A short road leading from a public road to a house

**OR**

I want the narrow conflicts of today in the name of religion or caste, language or province to cease, and a classless and casteless society to be built up where every individual has full opportunity to grow, according to his worth and ability. In particular, I hope the curse of caste will be ended for there is neither democracy nor socialism on the basis of caste.

(i) What is Nehru's vision of India in the future? 1

(ii) What kind of society did Nehru want in India? 1

(iii) What is the greatest obstacle in the way of socialism or democracy? 1

(iv) Pick out the words which have similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$

- to say rude or offensive things in an angry or violent way
- a serious disagreement



(B) Then she began to cry and tears flowed from her eyes in a helpless flood. She kept her head down as she sat in her corner, not daring to look up at the girls who, she knew, were still laughing at her.

- (i) Who is she here? 1
- (ii) Why did she begin to cry? 1
- (iii) Why could Bholi not dare to look at other girls? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which have similar meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
- unable to defend oneself
  - to be brave enough to be something

**OR**

I've got freedom to gain. As for myself, I'm a poor hunted rat. As Vincent Charles Gerrard, I'm free to go places and do nothing. I can eat well and sleep and without having to be ready to hide at the sight of a cop.

- (i) What does the speaker mean by 'I've got freedom to gain'? 1
- (ii) What could he do as Vincent Charles Gerrard? 1
- (iii) Why does he have to hide from a cop? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which are similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
- liberation/liberty
  - keep out of sight



## SECTION - B

- Note :** (i) Attempt any **one** of the **two** options.  
(ii) Attempt all the questions from the same option.

### OPTION - I

#### (E.S.P. FOR RECEPTIONISTS)

- 17** Why is it necessary to obtain the caller's name? **1**
- 18** Name six items which a receptionist should keep 'handy'. **6**
- 19** You are the Operator in a College. The Head of the History Department has asked you to find out about some books which are available with local book shops. (Give names of authors, publishers and names of books). **2**
- 20** While receiving a telephone call, what steps should a receptionist go through? **4**
- 21** What should a Brochure state about the location of a hotel? **2**



**OPTION - II**  
**(E.S.P. for Office Use)**

- |           |  |          |
|-----------|--|----------|
| <b>17</b> | How should you plan your appearance for an interview?  | <b>2</b> |
| <b>18</b> | Write a report for a newspaper on the bikers riding without helmets and being involved in life-risk accidents. | <b>5</b> |
| <b>19</b> | While writing a Memo what should you keep in mind?   | <b>4</b> |
| <b>20</b> | With e-mail what can you not assume?   | <b>2</b> |
| <b>21</b> | What is 'small talk'?  | <b>2</b> |
- 



This Question Paper consists of **26** questions [Section-A (**16**) + Section-B (**5 + 5**)] and **12** printed pages.

Roll No. 

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Code No. **65/ESS/4**

SET 

<b>C</b>
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**ENGLISH**  
**(302)**

Day and Date of Examination \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Invigilators 1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

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**General Instructions :**

- 1 Candidate must write his/her Roll Number on the first page of the Question Paper.
- 2 Please check the Question Paper to verify that the total pages and total number of questions contained in the Question Paper are the same as those printed on the top of the first page. Also check to see that the questions are in sequential order.
- 3 Making any identification mark in the Answer-Book or writing Roll Number anywhere other than the specified places will lead to disqualification of the candidate.
- 4 Write your Question Paper Code No. **65/ESS/4, Set—**

<b>C</b>
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 on the Answer-Book.



# ENGLISH

(302)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

- 
- Note :**
- (i) This Question Paper consists of **two** Sections, viz., 'A' and 'B'.
  - (ii) **All** the questions from Section 'A' are **compulsory**.
  - (iii) Section 'B' has **two** options. Candidates are required to attempt questions from **one option** only.
  - (iv) Marks are indicated against each question.
- 

## SECTION - A

- 1** Join the following sentences : **3**
- (a) Some sportsmen excel in sports. They are given the Arjuna Award.
  - (b) Mala is a dancer. Mala is a painter.
  - (c) I bought a Record. It has Hamid's songs.
- 2** Write a paragraph of about **100** words on any **one** of the following topics : **5**
- (a) My Hobby
  - (b) Time Management
  - (c) Summer Season
- 3** Read the following passage carefully. Make notes in points only, using appropriate headings and sub-headings. Also use recognizable abbreviations : **4**
- Langkawi Sky Bridge is a 125-metre (410 ft) curved pedestrian cable-stayed bridge in Malaysia, completed in 2005. The bridge deck is located 660 metres (2,170 ft) above sea level at the peak of Gunung Mat Cincang on Pulau Langkawi, the main island of the Langkawi archipelago in Kedah. The Langkawi Sky Bridge can be reached by first taking the Langkawi Cable Car to the top station, where an inclined lift called SkyGlide takes visitors from the top station to the bridge.



The bridge was closed in July 2012 for maintenance and upgrading. The reopening was put off several times, but it partially reopened in February 2015. The bridge is now fully accessible.

The bridge is 125 meters long, and 1.8 meters wide (the middle section has a wider walkway), with two steel railings as well as steel wire mesh on either sides. It is designed as a curved walkway to maximize the viewing experience, providing shifting perspective as a visitor walks along the bridge. The walkway, formed of steel and concrete panels set on top of an inverted triangular truss, connects two hilltops at Gunung Mat Chinchang. The first 25 m of the bridge is straight, following 3 curved 25 m sections, then a final straight 25 m section. At each end of the walkway, the bridge has a 3.6 m-wide triangular viewing platform that serves as resting and viewing areas for visitors.

The bridge is suspended by 8 cables from an 81.5 m high single pylon, and hangs at about 100 m above ground. The pylon is anchored onto a concreted pad set at an elevation of 604.5 m, and its tip reached 686 m above sea level. It is inclined at angles of  $78^\circ$  and  $2^\circ$  in two directions, and supported by two cables. The bridge is designed to carry a maximum capacity of 250 persons.

**4** Read the passage given below and complete the statements that follow :

A proverb is a short and wise saying with a deep meaning. It presents a truth or some bits of useful wisdom. What is true, what wisdom dictates, what experience shows must be the same everywhere. The proverbs or sayings have been passed from generation to generation.

- (a) A proverb \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ with a \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (b) It presents \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ some bits \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (c) What is true \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ what experience \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1
- (d) The proverbs \_\_\_\_\_ (i) \_\_\_\_\_ passed \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) \_\_\_\_\_. 1



5 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Persons may dress differently but they all feel a need to wear some kind of clothing. Clothing, like food and shelter, is one of peoples' most important needs.

Fashion changes from time to time. For example, from 1900-1950 both single-breasted and double-breasted coats were popular. After 1960's young men wore colourful checked shirts, and wide ties in fancy prints. Now tight-fitting dresses as well as oversized baggy clothes have come into fashion. Many seem to have an 'anything goes' feeling towards clothing style. The fashion sometimes lowers and sometimes raises the hem-line of ladies' dresses.

People follow fashion to raise their status, to gain acceptance from others, to be classed as moderns and to make themselves more attractive. Fashion experts predict that we are in the age of free expression and clothes of tomorrow will become far more individualistic in both shape and colour.

Clothes reflect the spirit of the age. The ancients believed in simplicity and used a single piece of cloth round their waist and a 'chadar' thrown across the shoulder. The Muslim rulers brought the long coats and churidar pajamas for men. The ladies, however, resisted change and continued with ghaghra, choli and orhni. But the sari soon took over and became popular even in the villages. The English brought for us coat and pants. We imitated the dresses of our rulers. Clothes reflect the character of the wearers. The confident and adventurous people would like to try new styles. A shy person may seek security by following conventional dresses. Others may be unconcerned about their dresses.

- (a) What was popular in 1900-1950? 2
- (b) Why do people follow fashion? 2
- (c) What dress did the Muslims bring and who resisted it? 2
- (d) Who would like to try new styles and what would a shy person do? 2

6 Fill in the blanks : 4

The last class \_\_\_\_\_ (a) \_\_\_\_\_ (begin) at 2.30 pm. in my school. I usually \_\_\_\_\_ (b) \_\_\_\_\_ (play) football after school \_\_\_\_\_ (c) \_\_\_\_\_ (get) over. So, as soon as the bell rings at 3.10 pm., I \_\_\_\_\_ (d) \_\_\_\_\_ (run) out to the field.



7 Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow :

I remember the night my mother  
Was stung by a scorpion. Ten hours  
Of steady rain had driven him  
To crawl beneath a sack of rice.

- (i) What does the poet remember? **2**
- (ii) How many hours did it rain? **1**
- (iii) Where did it hide and what did he do after that? **2**

**OR**

There is a house now far away where once  
I received love....That woman died,  
The house withdrew into silence, snakes moved  
Among books, I was then too young  
To read, and my blood turn cold like the moon

- (i) What happened when the woman of the house died? **2**
- (ii) From whom did the poet receive 'love'? **1**
- (iii) What was the condition of the poet at that time? **2**

8 Answer the following in about **60** words : **6**

How did Gavaskar's uncle's keen observation change his life?  
(MY FIRST STEPS)

**OR**

How did the Intruder try to frighten Gerrard? Did he succeed? What was the  
Intruder's first question? (IF I WERE YOU)



9 Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow :

(A) Doctor Benson stopped a moment to light and, then put the pack of cigarettes in his overcoat pocket. The wind felt like a surgeon's knife at his face as he opened the door and ran, bending low, around the driveway to the garage.

- (i) What did Dr. Benson want to light? 1
- (ii) How did the wind feel? 1
- (iii) Where was he running to? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which are similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
- A long warm coat
  - A short road leading from a public road to a house

**OR**

I want the narrow conflicts of today in the name of religion or caste, language or province to cease, and a classless and casteless society to be built up where every individual has full opportunity to grow, according to his worth and ability. In particular, I hope the curse of caste will be ended for there is neither democracy nor socialism on the basis of caste.

- (i) What is Nehru's vision of India in the future? 1
- (ii) What kind of society did Nehru want in India? 1
- (iii) What is the greatest obstacle in the way of socialism or democracy? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which have similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
- to say rude or offensive things in an angry or violent way
  - a serious disagreement



(B) Then she began to cry and tears flowed from her eyes in a helpless flood. She kept her head down as she sat in her corner, not daring to look up at the girls who, she knew, were still laughing at her.

- (i) Who is she here? 1
- (ii) Why did she begin to cry? 1
- (iii) Why could Bholi not dare to look at other girls? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which have similar meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
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**OR**

I've got freedom to gain. As for myself, I'm a poor hunted rat. As Vincent Charles Gerrard, I'm free to go places and do nothing. I can eat well and sleep and without having to be ready to hide at the sight of a cop.

- (i) What does the speaker mean by 'I've got freedom to gain'? 1
- (ii) What could he do as Vincent Charles Gerrard? 1
- (iii) Why does he have to hide from a cop? 1
- (iv) Pick out the words which are similar in meaning to the following :  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$
- liberation/liberty
  - keep out of sight



10 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow :

Nevertheless, the actual struggle does not commence at this moment. You have only placed all your powers in my hands. I will now wait upon the Viceroy and plead with him for the acceptance of the Congress demand. The fourteenfold constructive programme is, of course, there for you to carry out. What more should you do? I will tell you. Every one of you should, from this moment onwards, consider yourself a free man or woman, and act as if you are free and are no longer under the heel of this imperialism.

It is not a make-believe that I am suggesting to you. It is the very essence of freedom. The bond of the slave is snapped the moment he considers himself to be a free being, He will plainly tell the master: 'I was your bonded slave till this moment, but I am a slave no longer. You may kill me if you like, but if you keep me alive, I wish to tell you that if you release me from the bondage of your own accord. I will ask for nothing more from you. You used to feed and clothe me, though I could have provided food and clothing for myself by my labour. I hitherto depended on you instead of on God, for food and raiment. God has now inspired me with an urge for freedom and I am today a free man and will no longer depend on you'.

You may take it from me that I am not going to strike a bargain with the Viceroy for ministries and the like. I am not going to be satisfied with anything short of complete freedom. Maybe, he will propose the abolition of salt tax, the evil drink, etc. but I will say: Nothing less than freedom'.

Here is a mantra, a short one, that I give you. You may imprint it on your hearts and let every breath of yours give expression to it. The mantra is : 'Do or Die'. We shall either free India or die in the attempt.

- (a) What should Indians consider themselves as the movement starts? 2
- (b) How and when does a bondman snap his chains and become free? 2
- (c) What would Mahatma Gandhi ask from the Viceroy? 2
- (d) What was Gandhiji's mantra for the people? 2



**11** Answer in **30** to **40** words any **three** of the following questions : **3×2=6**

- (a) Why did Bholi talk very little? (BHOLI)
- (b) How is wind energy derived? (FUEL OF THE FUTURE)
- (c) Why was Ved's father angry when his wife used the Hakim's medicine?  
(MY SON WILL NOT A BEGGAR BE)
- (d) What was Baldeo's job? (THE TIGER IN THE TUNNEL)

**12** Read the passage given below and make a summary in about **100** words : **5**

A painter of eminence had once resolved to finish a piece of art which should please the whole world. When, therefore, he had drawn a picture in which his utmost skill was exhausted, it was exposed in the public market-place, with directions at the bottom for every spectator to mark with a brush, that lay by, every limb, and feature which seemed erroneous. The spectators came and in general applauded: but each, willing to show his talent at criticism, marked whatever he thought improper. In the evening, when the painter came, he was mortified to find the whole picture one universal blot-not a single stroke that had not the marks of disapprobation\*. Not satisfied with this trial, the next day he resolved to try in a different manner and exposing his picture as before, desired that every spectator would mark those beauties he approved or admired. The people complied: and the artist, returning, found his picture covered with the remarks of beauty: every stroke that had been condemned the previous day, now received the character of approbation. "Well", cried the painter, "I now find that the best way to succeed is to aim at satisfying the few."

**13** State whether the sentences are COMMAND, REQUEST, ADVICE OR PROPOSAL : **4**

- (a) Will you please do this work for me?
- (b) Fill in the forms, now.
- (c) Together we can complete the work.
- (d) You must work hard, as your exams are approaching.



- 14** The following passage has seven mistakes of spelling and other grammatical inaccuracies. Spot the errors and provide correct forms as shown below. One is done for you to serve as an example. **6**

Her entry into the medicl school there, could hardly have been more nerve-racking. The Dean asked her to follow him on to the platom and formally introduced her to the assembltd students. Fifty years later an eldarly doctor, who was a student at the college at the same time, recaled the scene. The class numbering about 150 student, was composed largely of young men from the neighboring towns.

S. No.	Error	Correct Form
1	medicl	medical
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		

- 15** Fill in the blanks with suitable Prepositions : **4**
- (a) She kept smiling \_\_\_\_\_ the child.
  - (b) Please keep the food \_\_\_\_\_ the table.
  - (c) Shall I put the papers \_\_\_\_\_ the envelope?
  - (d) You will find all the pens \_\_\_\_\_ the basket.
- 16** Write a letter to the Municipal Corporation about the cleaning of a garbage dump in your locality. **5**



## SECTION - B

- Note :** (i) Attempt any **one** of the **two** options.  
(ii) Attempt all the questions from the same option.

### OPTION - I

#### (E.S.P. FOR RECEPTIONISTS)

- 17 While receiving a telephone call, what steps should a receptionist go through? 4
- 18 What should a Brochure state about the location of a hotel? 2
- 19 Name six items which a receptionist should keep 'handy'. 6
- 20 Why is it necessary to obtain the caller's name? 1
- 21 You are the Operator in a College. The Head of the History Department has asked you to find out about some books which are available with local book shops. (Give names of authors, publishers and names of books). 2



**OPTION - II**

**(E.S.P. for Office Use)**

- 17** While writing a Memo what should you keep in mind? **4**
- 18** What is 'small talk'? **2**
- 19** Write a report for a newspaper on the bikers riding without helmets and being involved in life-risk accidents. **5**
- 20** How should you plan your appearance for an interview? **2**
- 21** With e-mail what can you not assume? **2**
- 

